SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 29, 2001

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[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 1: ACT OF 1934	3 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
For the transition period from	to
Commission File No	umber 1-8174
DUCOMMUN INCO	RPORATED
(Exact name of registrant as s	pecified in its charter)
Delaware	95-0693330
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	I.R.S. Employer Identification No.
111 West Ocean Boulevard, Suite 900	, Long Beach, California 90802
(Address of principal execut:	ive offices) (Zip Code)
(562) 624-0	9800
(Registrant's telephone numbe	,
(Former name, former address a if changed since	and former fiscal year,
Indicate by check mark whether the registral to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the 3 during the preceding 12 months (or for such was required to file such reports), and (2) requirements for the past 90 days.	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 shorter period that the registrant
Yes [X]	No []

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of September 29, 2001, there were outstanding 9,680,399 shares of common stock.

DUCOMMUN INCORPORATED

FORM 10-Q

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Item 1. Financial Statements

DUCOMMUN INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share data)

	September 29, 2001	December 31, 2000
ASSETS		
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,250 and \$1,161)	\$ 186	\$ 100 20,844
Inventories Deferred income taxes Prepaid income taxes	40,480 41,219 3,967 134	32,240 3,624 134
Other current assets	3,984	3,326
Total Current Assets Property and Equipment, Net Deferred Income Taxes Excess of Cost Over Net Assets Acquired (Net of	89,970 55,203 165	60,268 49,579 165
Accumulated Amortization of \$13,268 and \$10,355) Other Assets	2,699	
	\$ 220,501 ======	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 3,149 16,608 19,615	\$ 1,409 11,552 15,904
Total Current Liabilities Long-Term Debt, Less Current Portion Deferred Income Taxes Other Long-Term Liabilities	39,372 67,386 2,409 1,306	28,865 18,245 2,409 1,316
Total Liabilities	110,473	50,835
Commitments and Contingencies		
Shareholders' Equity: Common stock \$.01 par value; authorized 35,000,000 shares; issued 9,680,399 shares in 2001 and		
9,714,357 shares in 2000 Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Less common stock held in treasury 0 shares in 200	97 35,863 74,068	97 36,673 63,989
and 109,900 shares in 2000		(1,230)
Total Shareholders' Equity	110,028 \$ 220,501	99,529 \$ 150,364
	\$ 220,501 ======	=======

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For Three Months Ended	
	September 29, 2001	September 30, 2000
Net Sales	\$ 66,573	\$ 40,881
Operating Costs and Expenses: Cost of goods sold Selling, general and administrative expenses Goodwill amortization expense	1,324	29,119 5,355 709
Total Operating Costs and Expenses	59,485	35,183
Operating Income Interest Expense	7,088 (977)	5,698 (408)
Income Before Taxes Income Tax Expense	6,111 (2,322)	5,290 (2,010)
Net Income	\$ 3,789	
Earnings Per Share: Basic Diluted	\$.39 .39	\$.34 .33
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding: Basic Diluted	9,680 9,769	9,683 9,840

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For Nine Months Ended		
		September 30, 2000	
Net Sales	\$ 165,497	\$ 123,174	
Operating Costs and Expenses: Cost of goods sold Selling, general and administrative expenses Goodwill amortization expense	123,392 21,053 2,913		
Total Operating Costs and Expenses	147,358	106,512	
Operating Income Interest Expense	18,139 (1,883)	16,662 (1,387)	
Income Before Taxes Income Tax Expense	,	15,275 (5,805)	
Net Income	\$ 10,079	,	
Earnings Per Share: Basic Diluted	\$ 1.04 1.03	\$.98 .97	
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding: Basic Diluted	9,654 9,742	9,649 9,758	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands)

	For Nine Months Ended	
		September 30,
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Net Income Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	\$ 10,079	\$ 9,470
Depreciation and amortization Deferred income tax provision Income tax benefit related to the	8,030 (343)	6,579 980
exercise of nonqualified stock options Changes in Assets and Liabilities, Net of Effects of Acquisitions:	140	703
Accounts receivable Inventories	(11,120) 3,406	(438) (5,358)
Prepaid income taxes Other assets Accounts payable	(6) 1,081	1,549 (735) 464
Accrued and other liabilities Net Cash Provided by	788 	(17)
Operating Activities	12,055	13,197
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of Property and Equipment Acquisition of businesses	(5,213) (52,564)	(6,467)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(57,777)	(6,467)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities: Net Borrowings (Repayment) of Long-Term Debt Purchase of Common Stock for Treasury Other	45,527 6 275	(6,059) (174) (524)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	45,808 	(6,757)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Period	86 100	(27) 138
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Period	\$ 186 ======	\$ 111 ======
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flows Information: Interest Expense Paid Income Taxes Paid	\$ 1,849 \$ 6,644	\$ 1,482 \$ 2,540
Supplemental information for Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activities: Nonnegotiable prommissory notes issued to sellers of businesses (Note 7)	\$ 5,354	\$

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- Note 1. The consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of income and consolidated statements of cash flows are unaudited as of and for the three months and nine months ended September 29, 2001 and September 30, 2000. The financial information included in the quarterly report should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included in its annual report to shareholders for the year ended December 31, 2000.
- Note 2. Certain amounts and disclosures included in the consolidated financial statements required management to make estimates which could differ from actual results.

Note 3. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding in each period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus any potential dilution that could occur if stock options were exercised and converted into common stock in each period. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the three months ended September 29, 2001 and September 30, 2000 was 9,680,000 and 9,683,000, and the potentially dilutive shares associated with stock options were 89,000 and 157,000, respectively. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the nine months ended September 29, 2001 and September 30, 2000 was 9,654,000 and 9,649,000, and the potentially dilutive shares associated with stock options were 88,000 and 109,000, respectively.

Note 4. Long-term debt is summarized as follows:

	(in thousands)		
	September 29, 2001	December 31, 2000	
Bank credit agreement Term and real estate loans Notes and other liabilities	\$61,100 3,282	\$14,300 3,679	
for acquisitions	6,153	1,675	
Total debt Less current portion	70,535 3,149	19,654 1,409	
Total long-term debt	\$67,386 ======	\$18,245 ======	

The Company's credit agreement provides for a \$100,000,000 unsecured revolving credit line declining to \$60,000,000 at maturity on September 30, 2005. Interest is payable monthly on the outstanding borrowings based on the bank's prime rate (6.00% at September 29, $\,$ 2001) plus a spread based on the leverage ratio of the Company calculated at the end of each fiscal quarter (0.25% at September 29, 2001). A Eurodollar pricing option is also available to the Company for terms of up to six months at the Eurodollar rate plus a spread based on the leverage ratio of the Company calculated at the end of each fiscal guarter (1.50% at September 29, 2001). The weighted average interest rate on borrowings outstanding was 5.18% and 7.89% at September 29, 2001 and December 31, 2000, respectively. At September 29, 2001, the Company had \$38,900,000 of unused lines of credit, after deducting \$61,100,000 of loans outstanding. The agreement includes minimum interest coverage, maximum leverage, minimum EBITDA and minimum net worth covenants, an unused commitment fee based on the leverage ratio (0.30% per annum at September 29, 2001), and limitations on future dispositions of property, repurchases of common stock, outside indebtedness, capital expenditures and acquisitions.

Note 5. Shareholders' Equity

Since 1998, the Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of up to \$30,000,000 of its common stock. During 1998, 1999 and 2000, the Company repurchased in the open market 1,918,962 shares of its common stock for a total of \$25,296,000, and cancelled 1,809,062 shares of treasury stock. The Company cancelled 109,900 shares of treasury stock during the quarter ended September 29, 2001. The Company did not repurchase any of its common stock during the nine months ended September 29, 2001.

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

Ducommun's subsidiary, Aerochem, Inc. ("Aerochem"), is a major supplier of chemical milling services for the aerospace industry. Aerochem has been directed by California environmental agencies to investigate and take corrective action for groundwater contamination at its El Mirage, California facility (the "Site"). Aerochem expects to spend approximately \$1 million for future investigation and corrective action at the Site, and the Company has established a provision for such costs. However, the Company's ultimate liability in connection with the Site will depend upon a number of factors, including changes in existing laws and regulations, and the design and cost of the construction, operation and maintenance of the correction action.

Com Dev Consulting Ltd. ("Com Dev") filed a lawsuit against the Company and certain of its officers relating to the sale by the Company of the capital stock of its wireless communications subsidiary, 3dbm, Inc., to Com Dev in August 1998. During the second quarter of 2001, the Company settled the lawsuit with Com Dev and reached an agreement with its insurer regarding reimbursement of defense costs and contribution to the settlement. The Company recorded the financial impact, in excess of reserves, of the settlement with Com Dev by recording an after-tax charge of \$501,000 within selling, general and administrative expenses in the second quarter of 2001.

In the normal course of business, Ducommun and its subsidiaries are defendants in certain other litigation, claims and inquiries, including matters relating to environmental laws. In addition, the Company makes various commitments and incurs contingent liabilities. While it is not feasible to predict the outcome of these matters, the Company does not presently expect that any sum it may be required to pay in connection with these matters would have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 7. Acquisitions

On June 6, 2001, Ducommun Incorporated ("Ducommun" or the "Company") acquired all of the units of Composite Structures, LLC ("Composite Structures"), pursuant to a unit and stock purchase agreement by and among Ducommun, as buyer, and Composite Structures, its Members and Optionholders, CSD Holdings Corporation and the Shareholders of CSD Holdings Corporation, collectively, as sellers. Composite Structures designs and manufactures metal, fiberglass and carbon composite aerostructures. The Company produces helicopter main and tail rotor blades, and adhesive bonded assemblies, including spoilers and fuselage structural panels for aircraft, jet engine fan containment rings, and helicopters. The purchase price for Composite Structures, including indebtedness assumed, was approximately \$53,320,000. The purchase price was approximately \$47,966,000 in cash and \$5,354,000 in nonnegotiable promissory notes.

On August 13, 2001 (the "Closing Date") MechTronics of Arizona Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Ducommun Incorporated, acquired certain assets of the Fort Defiance, Arizona operation of Packard Hughes Interconnect Wiring Systems, a subsidiary of Delphi Automotive Systems Corp. The Fort Defiance operation supplies wiring harnesses and cable assemblies for use in commercial and military aerospace applications and other military applications. The purchase price for Fort Defiance was approximately \$4,598,000 in cash, which is subject to adjustment based upon the Fort Defiance inventory value as of the Closing Date.

The source of funds for the acquisitions of Composite Structures and Fort Defiance was Ducommun's working capital and borrowings under Ducommun's revolving credit agreement (Note 4). The acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. The purchase prices were allocated to the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon the estimated fair values on the acquisition dates. The net tangible assets consist primarily of accounts receivable, inventory, property and equipment and other liabilities. The excess amount of the purchase price over the fair market value of identifiable assets acquired is accounted for as goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 15 years. Based on preliminary allocation of the purchase price, these acquisitions accounted for approximately \$36,321,000 of the excess of cost over net assets acquired at September 29, 2001. The consolidated statements of income include the operating results for Composite Structures and Fort Defiance since the dates of the acquisitions.

The following table presents unaudited pro forma consolidated operating results for the three months ended September 29, 2001 and September 30, 2000, and the nine months ended September 29, 2001 and September 30, 2000, as if the Composite Structures acquisition had occurred as of the beginning of the periods presented. Pro forma results for 2001, assuming the acquisition of certain assets of the Fort Defiance operation at the beginning of the period, would not have been materially different from the Company's historical results for the periods presented.

(In thousands, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended September 29, 2001	Three Months Ended September 30, 2000	Nine Months Ended September 29, 2001	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2000
Net sales	\$66,573	\$56,949	\$192,292	\$169,107
Net earnings	3,789	4,405	9,701	10,701
Basic earnings per share	0.39	0.45	1.00	1.11
Diluted earnings per shar	e 0.39	0.45	1.00	1.10

The unaudited pro forma consolidated operating results of the Company are not necessarily indicative of the operating results that would have been achieved had the Composite Structures acquisition been consummated at the beginning of the periods presented, and should not be construed as representative of future operating results.

Note 8. Future Accounting Requirements

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Statement No. 142 (FAS 142), "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." FAS 142 changes the accounting for goodwill from an amortization method to an impairment-only approach. Upon adoption of FAS 142, goodwill will be tested for each reporting unit of the Company annually and at such other times as events or circumstances occur indicating that goodwill might be impaired. Amortization of goodwill, including goodwill recorded in past business combinations, will cease. The adoption date for the Company of FAS 142 will be January 1, 2002. The Company has not yet determined what the impact of FAS 142 will be on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The interim financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of the Company, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented.

ACQUISITIONS

On June 6, 2001, Ducommun Incorporated ("Ducommun" or the "Company"), acquired all of the units (the "Units") of Composite Structures, LLC ("Composite Structures"), pursuant to a Unit and Stock Purchase Agreement by and among Ducommun, as buyer, and Composite Structures, LLC, its Members and Optionholders, CSD Holdings Corporation and the Shareholders of CSD Holdings Corporation, collectively, as sellers. Composite Structures designs and manufactures metal, fiberglass and carbon composite aerostructures. The Company produces helicopter main and tail rotor blades, and adhesive bonded assemblies, including spoilers and fuselage structural panels for aircraft, jet engine fan containment rings, and helicopters. The purchase price for Composite Structures, including indebtedness assumed, was approximately \$53,320,000. The purchase price was approximately \$47,966,000 in cash and \$5,354,000 in nonnegotiable promissory notes. On August 13, 2001 (the "Closing Date") MechTronics of Arizona Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of Ducommun, acquired certain assets of the Fort Defiance, Arizona operation of Packard Hughes Interconnect Wiring Systems, a subsidiary of Delphi Automotive Systems Corp. The Fort Defiance operation supplies wiring harnesses and cable assemblies for use in commercial and military aerospace applications and other military applications. The purchase prices for Fort Defiance were approximately \$4,598,000 in cash, which amount is subject to adjustment based upon the Fort Defiance inventory value as of the Closing Date. The source of funds for the acquisitions of Composite Structures and Fort Defiance was Ducommun's working capital and borrowings under Ducommun's revolving credit agreement (Note 4). The acquisitions were accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. The purchase price was allocated to the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon the estimated fair value on the acquisition date. The net tangible assets consist primarily of accounts receivable, inventory, property and equipment and other liabilities. The excess amount of the purchase price over the fair market value of identifiable assets acquired is accounted for as goodwill and is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 15 years. Based on preliminary allocation of the purchase price, these acquisitions accounted for approximately \$36,321,000 of the excess of cost over net assets acquired at September 29, 2001. The consolidated statements of income include the operating results for Composite Structures and Fort Defiance since the dates of the acquisitions.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Third Quarter of 2001 Compared to Third Quarter of 2000

Net sales increased 63% to \$66,573,000 in the third quarter of 2001. The increase of approximately \$25,692,000 in sales resulted primarily from an increase in the Company's sales from the Composite Structures and Fort Defiance acquisitions, which accounted for \$18,830,000 of the sales increase, as well as higher sales for various Regional Jet programs and higher military sales to the C-17, F-15 and F-18 programs.

The Company had substantial sales to Boeing, Raytheon and Lockheed Martin. During the third quarters of 2001 and 2000, sales to Boeing were approximately \$34,044,000 and \$15,082,000, respectively; sales to Raytheon were approximately \$4,482,000 and \$3,709,000, respectively; and sales to Lockheed Martin were approximately \$1,902,000 and \$3,239,000, respectively. The sales relating to Boeing, Raytheon and Lockheed Martin are diversified over a number of different commercial, military and space programs.

Gross profit, as a percentage of sales, was 24.1% for the third quarter of 2001 compared to 28.8% in 2000. This decrease was primarily the result of changes in sales mix, pricing pressures from customers, higher production costs, including higher energy costs, operating inefficiencies at Ducommun AeroStructures, and lower gross profit margins on sales from the Composite Structures and Fort Defiance acquisitions.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of sales, were 11.4% for the third quarter of 2001 compared to 13.1% in 2000. The decrease in these expenses as a percentage of sales was primarily the result of higher sales volume partially offset by an increase in related variable period costs.

Goodwill amortization expense for the third quarter of 2001 was \$1,324,000 compared to \$709,000 in 2000. The increase was primarily the result of goodwill amortization expense related to the Composite Structures acquisition made in June 2001.

Interest expense increased to \$977,000 in the third quarter of 2001 compared to \$408,000 for 2000. The increase in interest expense was primarily due to higher average debt levels partially offset by lower interest rates in 2001 compared to 2000.

Income tax expense increased to \$2,322,000 in the third quarter of 2001 compared to \$2,010,000 for 2000. The increase in income tax expense was due to the increase in income before taxes. Cash paid for income taxes was \$2,035,000 in the third quarter of 2001, compared to \$1,069,000 in 2000. Net income for the third quarter of 2001 was \$3,789,000, or \$0.39 diluted earnings per share, compared to \$3,280,000, or \$0.33 diluted earnings per share, in 2000.

Nine Months of 2001 Compared to Nine Months of 2000

Net sales increased 34% to \$165,497,000 in the nine months of 2001. The increase of approximately \$42,323,000 in sales resulted primarily from an increase in sales for the Boeing 737 and 777 programs, various Regional Jet programs, higher military sales to the C-17, F-15 and F-18 programs and sales from the Composite Structures and Fort Defiance acquisitions, which accounted for \$24,427,000 of the sales increase.

The Company had substantial sales to Boeing, Raytheon and Lockheed Martin. During the nine months of 2001 and 2000, sales to Boeing were approximately \$74,303,000 and \$44,355,000, respectively; sales to Raytheon were approximately \$11,017,000 and \$11,742,000, respectively; and sales to Lockheed Martin were approximately \$7,494,000 and \$9,711,000, respectively. The sales relating to Boeing, Raytheon and Lockheed Martin are diversified over a number of different commercial, military and space programs.

At September 29, 2001, backlog believed to be firm was approximately \$340,246,000 compared to \$238,600,000 at December 31, 2000 and \$232,432,000 at September 30, 2000. Backlog at September 29, 2001 included \$102,300,000 of backlog from the Composite Structures and the Fort Defiance acquisitions. Approximately \$51,000,000 of backlog is expected to be delivered during the fourth guarter of 2001.

Gross profit, as a percentage of sales, was 25.4% for the nine months of 2001 compared to 29.4% in 2000. This decrease was primarily the result of changes in sales mix, pricing pressures from customers, higher production costs, including higher energy costs, operating inefficiencies at Ducommun AeroStructures, and lower gross profit margins on sales from the Composite Structures and Fort Defiance acquisitions.

Selling, general and administrative expenses, as a percentage of sales, were 12.7% for the nine months of 2001 compared to 14.1% in 2000. Expenses for the nine months of 2001 included approximately \$808,000 (\$501,000 net of tax) of costs related to the Com Dev lawsuit.

Goodwill amortization expense for the nine months of 2001 was \$2,913,000 compared to \$2,147,000 in 2000. The increase was primarily the result of goodwill amortization expense related to the Composite Structures acquisition made in June 2001

Interest expense increased to \$1,883,000 in the nine months of 2001 compared to \$1,387,000 for 2000. The increase in interest expense was primarily due to higher debt levels partially offset by lower interest rates in 2001 compared to 2000.

Income tax expense increased to \$6,177,000 in the nine months of 2001 compared to \$5,805,000 for 2000. The increase in income tax expense was due to the increase in income before taxes. Cash paid for income taxes was \$6,644,000 in the nine months of 2001, compared to \$2,540,000 in 2000. Net income for the nine months of 2001 was \$10,079,000, or \$1.03 diluted earnings per share, compared to \$9,470,000, or \$0.97 diluted earnings per share, in 2000. Net income for the nine months of 2001 included an after-tax charge of \$501,000, or \$0.05 per diluted share, for the Com Dev lawsuit. Net income for the nine months of 2001, excluding the charge for the Com Dev lawsuit, was \$10,580,000, or \$1.09 per diluted share.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash flows from operating activities for the nine months ended September 29, 2001 was \$12,055,000, compared to \$13,197,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2000. The decrease in cash flows from operating activities resulted principally from an increase in accounts receivable partially offset by a decrease in inventory and an increase in accounts payable. During the nine months of 2001, the Company had net borrowings of \$45,527,000, which included \$52,564,000 spent for the acquisitions of Composite Structures and Fort Defiance. The Company continues to depend on operating cash flow and the availability of its bank line of credit to provide short-term liquidity. Cash from operations and bank borrowing capacity are expected to provide sufficient liquidity to meet the Company's obligations during 2001. The Company's bank credit agreement provides for a \$100,000,000 unsecured revolving credit line declining to \$60,000,000 at maturity on September 30, 2005. At September 29, 2001, the Company had \$38,900,000 of unused lines of credit. See Note 4 to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company spent \$5,213,000 on capital expenditures during the nine months of 2001 and expects to spend less than \$7,000,000 in the aggregate for capital expenditures in 2001. The Company plans to continue to make substantial capital expenditures for manufacturing equipment and facilities to support long-term contracts for both commercial and military aircraft and Space programs.

Since 1998, the Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of up to \$30,000,000 of its common stock. During 1998, 1999 and 2000, the Company repurchased in the open market 1,918,962 shares of its common stock for a total of \$25,296,000. No repurchases were made during the first nine months of 2001, however, repurchases may be made from time to time on the open market at prevailing prices.

Ducommun's subsidiary, Aerochem, Inc. ("Aerochem"), is a major supplier of chemical milling services for the aerospace industry. Aerochem has been directed by California environmental agencies to investigate and take corrective action for groundwater contamination at its El Mirage, California facility (the "Site"). Aerochem expects to spend approximately \$1 million for future investigation and corrective action at the Site, and the Company has established a provision for such costs. However, the Company's ultimate liability in connection with the Site will depend upon a number of factors, including changes in existing laws and regulations, and the design and cost of the construction, operation and maintenance of the correction action.

Com Dev Consulting Ltd. ("Com Dev") filed a lawsuit against the Company and certain of its officers relating to the sale by the Company of the capital stock of its wireless communications subsidiary, 3dbm, Inc., to Com Dev in August 1998. During the second quarter of 2001, the Company settled the lawsuit with Com Dev and reached an agreement with its insurer regarding reimbursement of defense costs and contribution to the settlement. The Company recorded the financial impact, in excess of reserves, of the settlement with Com Dev within selling, general and administrative expenses in the second quarter of 2001. Net income for the first nine months of 2001 included an after-tax charge of \$501,000, or \$0.05 per diluted share, for the Com Dev lawsuit.

In the normal course of business, Ducommun and its subsidiaries are defendants in certain other litigation, claims and inquiries, including matters relating to environmental laws. In addition, the Company makes various commitments and incurs contingent liabilities. While it is not feasible to predict the outcome of these matters, the Company does not presently expect that any sum it may be required to pay in connection with these matters would have a material adverse effect on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The tragic events of September 11, 2001 and the subsequent disruption of the commercial airline industry have created substantial uncertainty for the Company's business. Commercial aircraft build rates undoubtedly will decline, and the Company is reducing its cost base consistent with the lower sales expectations.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING REQUIREMENTS

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Statement No. 142 (FAS 142), "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets." FAS 142 changes the accounting for goodwill from an amortization method to an impairment-only approach. Upon adoption of FAS 142, goodwill will be tested for each reporting unit of the Company annually and at such other times as events or circumstances occur indicating that goodwill might be impaired. Amortization of goodwill, including goodwill recorded in past business combinations, will cease. The adoption date for the Company of FAS 142 will be January 1, 2002. The Company has not yet determined what the impact of FAS 142 will be on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND RISK FACTORS

Any forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-Q involve risks and uncertainties. The Company's future financial results could differ materially from those anticipated due to the Company's dependence on conditions in the airline industry, the level of new commercial aircraft orders, the production rate for Boeing commercial aircraft, the C-17 and the Space Shuttle programs, the level of defense spending, competitive pricing pressures, technology and product development risks and uncertainties, product performance, risks associated with acquisitions and dispositions of businesses by the Company, increasing consolidation of customers and suppliers in the aerospace industry, availability of raw materials and components from suppliers and other factors beyond the Company's control.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk Not applicable.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.

- (a) No exhibits are filed with this report.
- (b) No reports on Form 8-K were filed during the quarter for which this report is filed.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DUCOMMUN INCORPORATED (Registrant)

By: /s/ James S. Heiser

James S. Heiser
Vice President, Chief
Financial Officer and
General Counsel
(Duly Authorized Officer
of the Registrant)

By: /s/ Samuel D. Williams
Samuel D. Williams

Vice President and Controller (Duly Authorized Officer of the Registrant)

Date: October 23, 2001